

Ldn Consulting, Inc.

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phone 760-473-1253

October 29, 2024

LS Power Grid California
Dustin Joseph
16150 Main Circle Drive, Suite 310
Chesterfield, MO 63017

RE: Collinsville 500/230 kV Substation Project – Solano and Contra Costa Counties, CA - Health Risk Screening Letter

The purpose of this Air Quality Health Risk screening letter is to identify potential health risks from toxic air contaminants (TACs) which would be expected during construction of the Collinsville 500/230 Kilovolt (kV) Substation Project (Project). The Project seeks to construct an approximately 11-acre 500/230 kV substation (Collinsville Substation) with an additional disturbance of up to 21 acres for grading disturbance, installation of new transmission lines (which includes the overhead, submarine cable, and underground segments alike), a new telecommunications line, roads and ancillary facilities. Transmission lines include a new 6-mile 230kV transmission between the new Collinsville Substation and the existing Pittsburg Substation, two Pacific Gas and Electric Company (PG&E) 1.5-mile 500kV transmission line segments connecting into the new Collinsville Substation and extending and connecting an existing 12kV distribution line into the new Collinsville Substation. The new 6-mile 230kV transmission line would be located in a combination of overhead, underground, and submarine cable. The new telecommunication line will extend from the new Collinsville Substation to an existing telecom provider located southwest of the existing Pittsburg Substation. Equipment will be stored at the substation construction site, at staging yards and along the transmission line alignment proposed in this Project. TACs during operations would not be expected since, after the substation is operational, minimal site visits to the substation would be required.

The Bay Area Air Quality Management District (BAAQMD) has established significance thresholds for assessing air quality impacts within its jurisdiction, including Solano and Contra Costa Counties. These thresholds are used to evaluate health risks associated with individual projects (BAAQMD, 2022). Health risk impacts are categorized into carcinogens and non-carcinogens for both acute and chronic exposures.

An individual project cannot increase the cancer risk for a sensitive receptor beyond 10 individuals per one million exposed. For non-carcinogens, an individual project's increase in the hazard index for both acute and chronic exposures must not exceed 1.0 for a sensitive receptor.

Additionally, individual project incremental annual Particulate Matter emissions having a size of 2.5 micrometers (μm) or smaller ($\text{PM}_{2.5}$) shall not increase concentrations above $0.3 \mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3$. Refer to **Table 1, BAAQMD Air Quality Thresholds of Significance**, below for detailed threshold values. Assuming these thresholds are exceeded, a cumulative health risk may exist and would need further evaluation.

Table 1: BAAQMD Air Quality Thresholds of Significance

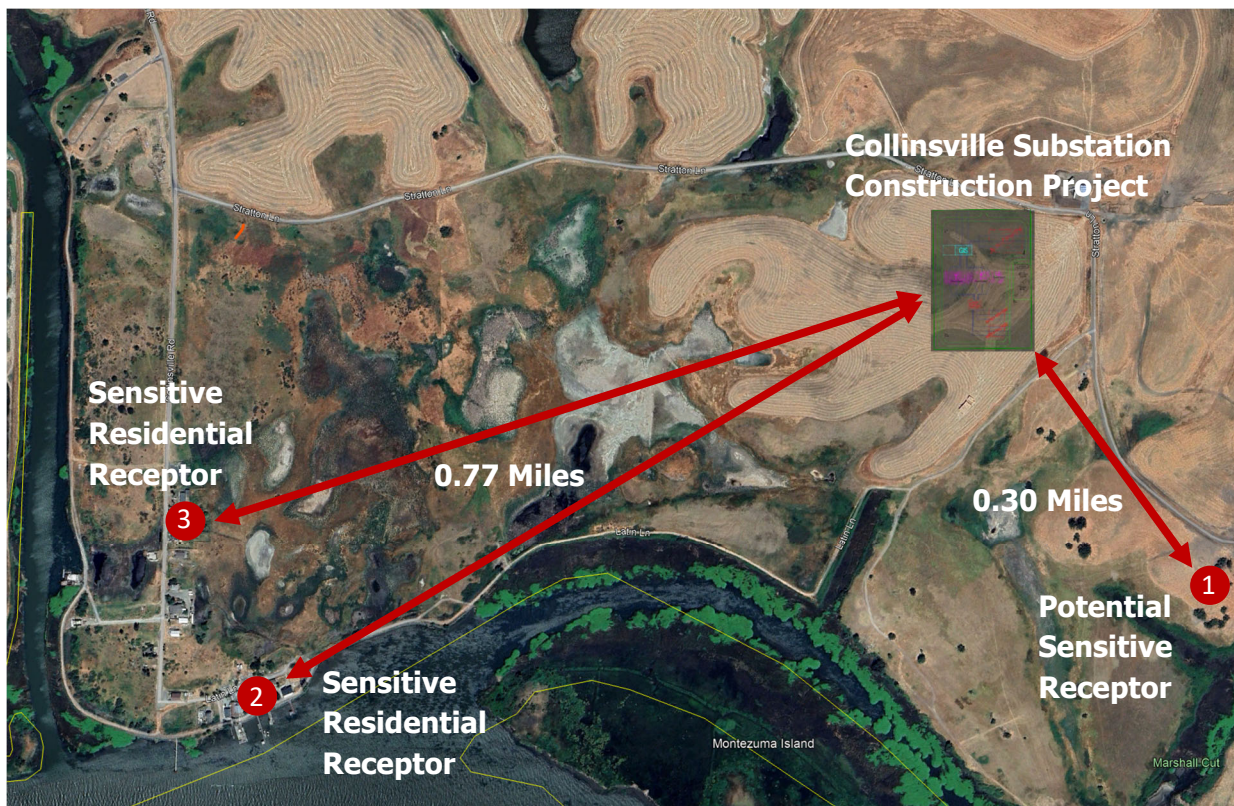
Risk and Hazards for New Source and Receptors	Threshold
Cumulative	
Increased Cancer Risk	>100 individuals per one million exposed
Increased Non-Cancer Hazard (Acute or Chronic)	>10.0 Hazard Index
Incremental Annual $\text{PM}_{2.5}$	> $0.8 \mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3$ annual average
Individual Project	
Increased Cancer Risk	>10.0 individuals per one million exposed
Increased Non-Cancer Hazard (Acute or Chronic)	>1.0 Hazard Index
Incremental Annual $\text{PM}_{2.5}$	> $0.3 \mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3$ annual average
Source: Bay Area Air Quality Management District 2022 CEQA Guideline (Table 3-1)	

Based on the construction area for the Collinsville Substation, potential receptors are located as close as 0.3 miles away from the proposed primary substation construction activities. The nearest homes are located over 0.7 miles away. Figure 1 on the following page shows the relative location and distance of the nearest residential receptor from the substation construction area and are identified in this analysis as Receptors 1 through 3. Receptor 1, which includes a potentially habitable structure, is believed to be currently vacant. Receptors 2 and 3 represent currently occupied residential structures. To be conservative, all three receptors are included in this analysis.

Given the linear nature of transmission line, distribution line, and telecommunication line work, sensitive receptors near the Project would not experience a noticeable increase in emissions due to construction of these linear project features. This is true for underground lines, overhead lines, and submarine lines alike. Conversely, fixed construction areas, such as at the Collinsville Substation, have longer exposure times, present a worst-case scenario for project-related human health impacts. In addition, based on the project description and discussions with the Project applicant, only the Collinsville work area would require long-term heavy construction at

a single location. The majority of activities identified in the Project fall into this category of linear, including the transmission line connections at the existing PG&E Pittsburg Substation, and would not be anticipated to result in human health impacts. Therefore, this analysis focusses on the Collinsville Substation construction.

Figure 1: Project Layout and Distance to the nearest Sensitive Receptors



Inhalation cancer risks are typically associated with stationary sources emitting over long periods, as noted by the California Office of Environmental Health Hazard Assessment (OEHHA), making short-term air quality impacts from transmission line work less concerning in comparison to those from fixed construction sites (OEHHA, 2001). Given this, health risks from the transmission lines would be less than significant and are not analyzed further herein. In addition, the project would have a number of staging areas which will be utilized to store construction materials and equipment. These areas would not generate high levels of diesel particulate matter (DPM) since equipment operated onsite would not be under any significant load like on an active construction area and would not generate significant levels of TACs to create health

risk impacts. Given this equipment used or transported to the staging areas would have a less than significant health risk impact.

Project Construction Emissions

The primary health risks from TACs related to construction at the Collinsville Substation would be from DPM emitted from construction equipment emitted over roughly 533 active construction days or 651-calendar days. DPM emissions from this work were provided in Table 20 of Attachment 5.3-A to the Proponents’ Environmental Assessment (PEA) (denoted as L-02, L-03, L-04). Also, it should be noted that transmission line work will extend from the east edge of the Project and traverse initially southeast from the project site and then southwest into the waters of the Sacramento-San Joaquin River Delta waterways which ultimately interconnect with the existing PG&E Pittsburg Substation. These activities will involve quick transitory movements with equipment operating in a linear fashion over short durations relative to any specific location including the nearby residential receptor identified in Figure 1 above. Construction activities at the Collinsville Substation, along with the equipment list as analyzed with the Air Quality analysis, are shown in **Table 2, Collinsville Substation Construction Activities** below.

Table 2: Collinsville Substation Construction Activities

Equipment Identification	Estimated Start	Estimated Completion	Quantity	HP
Site Development (INDEX L-02 – 76 Construction Days)	5/1/2026	8/1/2026		
Truck - Water 4 K			4	300
Loader - 4-5 Yd			2	230
Truck - Dump 10-12 Yd			5	415
Motor Grader			2	250
Scraper			4	410
Vibratory Roller			2	157
Generator – 25 Kw			2	36
Forklift - 15,000 lb			4	130
Pickup - 1 Ton			4	410
844 Loader			1	417
Semi Truck			2	500
Below Grade Construction (INDEX L-03 – 152 Construction Days)	7/14/2026	1/14/2027		
Truck - Water 4 K			2	300
Excavator			2	108

Equipment Identification	Estimated Start	Estimated Completion	Quantity	HP
Forklift - 15 K Reach			3	130
Backhoe - 2X4			2	68
Pickup - 1 Ton			4	410
Excavator - Mini			1	70
Generator – 25 Kw			1	36
Truck - Concrete			4	425
Loader - 4-5 Yd			2	230
Pressure Digger - Lo-Drill (Tracked)			1	275
Excavator			1	275
Truck - Dump 10-12 Yd			3	415
Trencher			2	75
Skid steer loader			2	74
Wire Trailer/ Tensioner			1	175
Wire Puller			1	175
Above Grade Construction (INDEX L-04– 224 Construction Days)	1/2/2027	2/11/2028		
Wire Trailer/ Tensioner			1	175
Wire Puller			1	175
Crane - 200 Ton			1	275
Pickup - 1 Ton			4	410
Welding Truck			2	395
Generator – 25 Kw			2	36
Crane - 35 Ton (Manlift)			2	250
Forklift - 10 K Reach			2	130
Forklift -15,000 lb			1	130
Loader - 4-5 Yd			2	74
120' Manlift			2	74

Based on review of construction modeling identified in Table 20 of Attachment 5.3-A to the PEA, the total diesel particulate emissions during the construction activities (L-02, L-03, L-04 and L-39) would cumulatively generate 0.209 tons of diesel particulates 2.5 microns or smaller (PM_{2.5}) which is the primary TAC considered in this analysis. In addition, per the PEA, these emissions assume the requirement to include at least 75 percent of Tier 4 diesel construction equipment.

Construction Emissions Calculations

The AERMOD dispersion model was used to determine the concentration of PM_{2.5} from the diesel exhaust generated during construction at the nearby residential receptor. The AERMOD files for the Project are provided in **Attachment A** to this Letter.

Exposure is evaluated by calculating the dose in milligrams per kilogram body weight per day (mg/kg/d). For residential exposure, the breathing rates are determined for specific age groups, so inhalation dose (Dose-air) is calculated for each of these age groups, 3rd trimester, 0<2, 2<9, and 2<16 and 16-70 years. The following algorithms calculate this dose for exposure through the inhalation pathways. The worst-case cancer risk dose calculation is defined in Equation 1 below (OEHHA, February 2015).

$$\text{Equation 1} \quad \text{Dose}_{\text{air}} = C_{\text{air}} * (\text{BR}/\text{BW}) * A * \text{EF} * (1 \times 10^{-6})$$

Dose _{air}	=	Dose through inhalation (mg/kg/d)
C _{air}	=	Concentration in air (µg/m ³) Annual average DPM concentration in µg/m ³ - AERMOD predicts annual averages.
BR/BW	=	Daily breathing rate normalized to body weight (L/kg BW-day). See Table I.2 for the daily breathing rate for each age range.
A	=	Inhalation absorption factor (assumed to be 1)
EF	=	Exposure frequency (unitless, days/365 days)
1x10 ⁻⁶	=	Milligrams to micrograms conversion (10 ⁻³ mg/ µg), cubic meters to liters conversion (10 ⁻³ m ³ /l)

Cancer risk is calculated by multiplying the daily inhalation or oral dose, by a cancer potency factor, the age sensitivity factor, the frequency of time spent at home and the exposure duration divided by averaging time, to yield the excess cancer risk. As described below, the excess cancer risk is calculated separately for each age grouping and then summed to yield cancer risk for any given location. The worst-case cancer risk calculation is defined in Equation 2 below (OEHHA, February 2015):

$$\text{Equation 2} \quad \text{RISK}_{\text{inh-res}} = \text{DOSE}_{\text{air}} \times \text{CPF} \times \text{ASF} \times \text{ED}/\text{AT} \times \text{FAH}$$

RISK _{inh-res}	=	Residential inhalation cancer risk
DOSE _{air}	=	Daily inhalation dose (mg/kg-day)
CPF	=	Inhalation cancer potency factor (mg/kg-day ⁻¹)
ASF	=	Age sensitivity factor for a specified age group (unitless)
ED	=	Exposure duration (in years) for a specified age group
AT	=	Averaging time for lifetime cancer risk (years)
FAH	=	Fraction of time spent at home (unitless)

The OEHHA recommends that an exposure duration (residency time) during construction activities be over the construction period which for this project is 651 calendar days. This duration should be used to estimate individual cancer risk for the Maximally Exposed Individual Resident (MEIR). Health risk calculations are shown in **Attachment B** to this Letter.

Non-Cancer risks or risks defined as chronic or acute are also known with respect to DPM and are determined by the hazard index. To calculate hazard index, DPM concentration is divided by its chronic Reference Exposure Levels (REL). Where the total equals or exceeds one, a health hazard is presumed to exist. RELs are published by the OEHHA (OEHHA, February 2015). Diesel Exhaust has a REL of $5 \mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3$ and targets the respiratory system.

Heath Risk Calculations

Over the construction duration, the project would emit 0.209 tons over 651-day elapsed period which works out to an average of 0.0034 grams of $\text{PM}_{2.5}$ exhaust per second (g/s). Based on the site configuration, the average emission rate over the grading area is 7.56×10^{-8} grams/second per meter squared ($\text{g}/\text{s}\text{-m}^2$), which was calculated as follows:

Utilizing the AERMOD dispersion model, the worst-case annual concentration (at Receptor 3 identified in Figure 1 above) of DPM from Project construction is estimated at $0.010 \mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3$. Utilizing Equation 2 above, the inhalation cancer risk for the closest residential receptor was found to be 3.11 per one million exposed. In addition, since the annual emissions are less than the REL of $5 \mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3$ the non-cancer risks are less than 1 and a less than significant non cancer risk is expected. The district is also concerned about health risks to maximum exposed offsite workers; however, a nearby worker location where workers would be onsite 8 hours per day or more does not exist around the Collinsville Substation construction site. Emissions for Receptors 1 and 2 were noted as $0.0088 \mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3$ and $0.00857 \mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3$, respectively. These emissions levels would accordingly have health risks lower than 3.11 per one million exposed at Receptor 3. It should be noted that the relative distance of Receptor 1 is closer to the site but based on meteorological data used in AERMOD, emissions would be slightly higher west of the project site.

Finally, the BAAQMD also has a requirement that the incremental annual $\text{PM}_{2.5}$ cannot exceed $0.3 \mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3$. Based on the construction outputs identified in Table 43 of Attachment 5.3-A (Air Quality and GHG Calculations), the $\text{PM}_{2.5}$ generated emissions for the same construction activities analyzed within this report are 1.048 tons over the same 615 days. Using AERMOD, the maximum incremental annual $\text{PM}_{2.5}$ would be $0.05 \mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3$ at Receptor 3 and slightly lower

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at 0.04 at Receptors 1 and 2. This is shown in ***Attachment C*** to this letter. Therefore, the Project would have a less than significant total incremental PM_{2.5} emission.

A cumulative health risk during construction could exist if another large project were occurring simultaneously to the proposed Project using diesel construction equipment. However, the equipment required would essentially need to be as much as 10 times more intense to generate emissions close to the 100 cases per million exposed threshold. Based on review of the site and following discussions with the applicant, no nearby construction projects would be expected to meet these diesel equipment conditions. Given this, a less than significant cumulative health risk would be expected during construction of the Collinsville Substation.

If you should have any questions regarding this assessment, please do not hesitate to contact (760) 473-1253.

Sincerely,
Ldn Consulting, Inc.



Jeremy Loudon

Attachments:

- A: AERMOD Files (PM 2.5 Emissions from Off Road Equipment)
- B: Cancer Risk Calculations
- C: AERMOD Files (Total PM 2.5 from Collinsville Substation)

References:

- BAAQMD. (2022). *THRESHOLDS OF SIGNIFICANCE*. Retrieved from https://www.baaqmd.gov/~/media/files/planning-and-research/ceqa/ceqa-guidelines-2022/ceqa-guidelines-chapter-3-thresholds_final_v2-pdf.pdf
- OEHHA. (2001). *Health Effects of Diesel Exhaust*. Retrieved from <https://oehha.ca.gov/media/downloads/calenviroscreen/indicators/diesel4-02.pdf>
- OEHHA. (February 2015). *Air Toxics Hot Spots Program - Risk Assessment Guidelines - Guidance Manual for Preparation of Health Risk Assessments*. OEHHA.

Attachment A

```
1          AERMOD PRIME - (DATED 23132 )
          AERMODPrMSPx VERSION
          (C) COPYRIGHT 1998-2022, Trinity Consultants

Run Began on 10/28/2024 at 11:10:57

** BREEZE AERMOD
** Trinity Consultants
** VERSION 12.0

CO STARTING
CO TITLEONE Collinsville Substaiton DPM
CO MODELOPT DFAULT CONC NODRYDPLT NOWETDPLT
CO RUNORNOT RUN
CO AVERTIME ANNUAL
CO POLLUTID PM25
CO FINISHED

SO STARTING
SO ELEVUNIT METERS
SO LOCATION M81UN003 AREA 602018.6 4215538.9 0
SO SRCPARAM M81UN003 7.56E-08 3 223.6 156.7 89.3 1
SO SRCGROUP ALL
SO FINISHED

RE STARTING
RE ELEVUNIT METERS
RE DISCCART 602459.2 4214946.7 0 0
** SENSITIV
** RCPDESCR R1
RE DISCCART 600966.8 4214758. 0 0
** SENSITIV
** RCPDESCR R2
RE DISCCART 600860.9 4215042.4 0 0
** SENSITIV
** RCPDESCR R3
RE FINISHED

ME STARTING
ME SURFFILE "C:\Users\ryan\My Drive (rmtaylor76@gmail.com)\24-99 Collinsville Substation\AERMOD\Pittsburg PG&E\DOW_2017.SFC"
** SURFFILE "C:\Users\ryan\My Drive (rmtaylor76@gmail.com)\24-99 Collinsville Substation\AERMOD\Pittsburg PG&E\DOW_2017.SFC"
ME PROFFILE "C:\Users\ryan\My Drive (rmtaylor76@gmail.com)\24-99 Collinsville Substation\AERMOD\Pittsburg PG&E\DOW_2017.PFL"
** PROFFILE "C:\Users\ryan\My Drive (rmtaylor76@gmail.com)\24-99 Collinsville Substation\AERMOD\Pittsburg PG&E\DOW_2017.PFL"
ME SURFDATA 23254 2017
ME UAIRDATA 23230 2017
ME SITEDATA 2803 2017
ME PROFBASE 1 METERS
ME FINISHED

OU STARTING
OU FILEFORM FIX
OU PLOTFILE ANNUAL ALL ALL`ANNUAL.plt 10000
OU FINISHED

** *****
** It is recommended that the user not edit any data below this line
** *****

** AMPTYPE
** AMPDATUM -1
** AMPZONE -1
** AMPHEMISPHERE

** PROJECTIONWKT
PROJCS["UTM 6326_Zone11",GEOGCS["WGS_84",DATUM["World_Geodetic_System_1984",SPHEROID["WGS_1984",6378137,298.257223563],TOWGS84[0,0,0,0,0,0,0]],PRIMEM["Greenwich",0],UNIT["Degree",0.0174532925199433]],PROJECTION["Universal_Transverse_Mercator"],PARAMETER["Zone",11],UNIT["Meter",1,AUTHORITY["EPSG","9001"]]]]
** PROJECTION UTM
** DATUM WGE
** UNITS METER
** ZONE 11
** HEMISPHERE N
** ORIGINLON 0
** ORIGINLAT 0
** PARALLEL1 0
** PARALLEL2 0
** AZIMUTH 0
** SCALEFACT 0
** FALSEEAST 0
** FALSENORTH 0

** POSTFMT UNIFORM
** TEMPLATE UserDefined
** AERMODEXE AERMOD_BREEZE_23132_64.EXE
** AERMAPEXE AERMAP_EPA_18081_64.EXE

*** Message Summary For AERMOD Model Setup ***
```

Attachment A

----- Summary of Total Messages -----

A Total of 0 Fatal Error Message(s)
A Total of 1 Warning Message(s)
A Total of 0 Informational Message(s)

***** FATAL ERROR MESSAGES *****
*** NONE ***

***** WARNING MESSAGES *****
MX W403 49 PFLCNV: Turbulence data is being used w/o ADJ_U* option SigA Data

*** SETUP Finishes Successfully ***

▲ *** AERMOD - VERSION 23132 *** ** Colinsville Substaiton DPM *** 10/28/24
*** AERMET - VERSION 18081 *** ** *** 11:10:57
PAGE 1

*** MODELOPTs: RegDEFAULT CONC ELEV NODRYDPLT NOWETDPLT RURAL SigA Data

*** MODEL SETUP OPTIONS SUMMARY ***

** Model Options Selected:

- * Model Uses Regulatory DEFAULT Options
- * Model Is Setup For Calculation of Average CONCentration Values.
- * NO GAS DEPOSITION Data Provided.
- * NO PARTICLE DEPOSITION Data Provided.
- * Model Uses NO DRY DEPLETION. DDPLETE = F
- * Model Uses NO WET DEPLETION. WETDPLT = F
- * Stack-tip Downwash.
- * Model Accounts for ELEVated Terrain Effects.
- * Use Calms Processing Routine.
- * Use Missing Data Processing Routine.
- * No Exponential Decay.
- * Model Uses RURAL Dispersion Only.
- * TEMP_Sub - Meteorological data includes TEMP substitutions
- * Model Assumes No FLAGPOLE Receptor Heights.
- * The User Specified a Pollutant Type of: PM25

**Note that special processing requirements apply for the 24-hour PM2.5 NAAQS - check available guidance.
Model will process user-specified ranks of high 24-hour values averaged across the number of years modeled, and
the multi-year average of individual ANNUAL values, averaged across the number of years modeled.

**Model Calculates ANNUAL Averages Only

**This Run Includes: 1 Source(s); 1 Source Group(s); and 3 Receptor(s)

with: 0 POINT(s), including
0 POINTCAP(s) and 0 POINTHOR(s)
and: 0 VOLUME source(s)
and: 1 AREA type source(s)
and: 0 LINE source(s)
and: 0 RLINE/RLINEXT source(s)
and: 0 OPENPIT source(s)
and: 0 BUOYANT LINE source(s) with a total of 0 line(s)
and: 0 SWPOINT source(s)

**Model Set To Continue RUNNING After the Setup Testing.

**The AERMET Input Meteorological Data Version Date: 18081

**Output Options Selected:
Model Outputs Tables of ANNUAL Averages by Receptor
Model Outputs External File(s) of High Values for Plotting (PLOTFILE Keyword)

**NOTE: The Following Flags May Appear Following CONC Values: c for Calm Hours
m for Missing Hours
b for Both Calm and Missing Hours

**Misc. Inputs: Base Elev. for Pot. Temp. Profile (m MSL) = 1.00 ; Decay Coef. = 0.000 ; Rot. Angle = 0.0
Emission Units = GRAMS/SEC ; Emission Rate Unit Factor = 0.10000E+07
Output Units = MICROGRAMS/M**3

**Approximate Storage Requirements of Model = 3.5 MB of RAM.

**Input Runstream File: aermod.inp
**Output Print File: aermod.out

▲ *** AERMOD - VERSION 23132 *** ** Colinsville Substaiton DPM *** 10/28/24
*** AERMET - VERSION 18081 *** ** *** 11:10:57
PAGE 2

*** MODELOPTs: RegDEFAULT CONC ELEV NODRYDPLT NOWETDPLT RURAL SigA Data

*** AREA SOURCE DATA ***

Attachment A

17 01 01 01 10.0 1 68. 2.00 -999.0 23.9 -99.00 0.77

F indicates top of profile (=1) or below (=0)

▲ *** AERMOD - VERSION 23132 *** *** Colinsville Substaiton DPM *** 10/28/24
 *** AERMET - VERSION 18081 *** *** *** 11:10:57
 PAGE 6

*** MODELOPTS: RegDFault CONC ELEV NODRYDPLT NOWETDPLT RURAL SigA Data

*** THE ANNUAL AVERAGE CONCENTRATION VALUES AVERAGED OVER 1 YEARS FOR SOURCE GROUP: ALL ***
 INCLUDING SOURCE(S): M81UN003 ,

*** SENSITIVE DISCRETE RECEPTOR POINTS ***

** CONC OF PM25 IN MICROGRAMS/M**3 **

X-COORD (M)	Y-COORD (M)	CONC	X-COORD (M)	Y-COORD (M)	CONC
602459.20	4214946.70	0.00880	600966.80	4214758.00	0.00857
600860.90	4215042.40	0.01018			

▲ *** AERMOD - VERSION 23132 *** *** Colinsville Substaiton DPM *** 10/28/24
 *** AERMET - VERSION 18081 *** *** *** 11:10:57
 PAGE 7

*** MODELOPTS: RegDFault CONC ELEV NODRYDPLT NOWETDPLT RURAL SigA Data

*** THE SUMMARY OF MAXIMUM ANNUAL RESULTS AVERAGED OVER 1 YEARS ***

** CONC OF PM25 IN MICROGRAMS/M**3 **

GROUP ID	AVERAGE CONC	RECEPTOR (XR, YR, ZELEV, ZHILL, ZFLAG)	OF TYPE	NETWORK GRID-ID
ALL	1ST HIGHEST VALUE IS 0.01018 AT (600860.90, 4215042.40, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00)		SR	
	2ND HIGHEST VALUE IS 0.00880 AT (602459.20, 4214946.70, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00)		SR	
	3RD HIGHEST VALUE IS 0.00857 AT (600966.80, 4214758.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00)		SR	
	4TH HIGHEST VALUE IS 0.00000 AT (0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00)			
	5TH HIGHEST VALUE IS 0.00000 AT (0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00)			
	6TH HIGHEST VALUE IS 0.00000 AT (0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00)			
	7TH HIGHEST VALUE IS 0.00000 AT (0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00)			
	8TH HIGHEST VALUE IS 0.00000 AT (0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00)			
	9TH HIGHEST VALUE IS 0.00000 AT (0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00)			
	10TH HIGHEST VALUE IS 0.00000 AT (0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00)			

*** RECEPTOR TYPES: GC = GRIDCART
 GP = GRIDPOLR
 DC = DISCCART
 DP = DISCPOLR

▲ *** AERMOD - VERSION 23132 *** *** Colinsville Substaiton DPM *** 10/28/24
 *** AERMET - VERSION 18081 *** *** *** 11:10:57
 PAGE 8

*** MODELOPTS: RegDFault CONC ELEV NODRYDPLT NOWETDPLT RURAL SigA Data

*** Message Summary : AERMOD Model Execution ***

----- Summary of Total Messages -----

A Total of 0 Fatal Error Message(s)
 A Total of 3 Warning Message(s)
 A Total of 221 Informational Message(s)
 A Total of 8784 Hours Were Processed
 A Total of 43 Calm Hours Identified
 A Total of 178 Missing Hours Identified (2.03 Percent)

***** FATAL ERROR MESSAGES *****
 *** NONE ***

***** WARNING MESSAGES *****

MX W403 49 PFLCNV: Turbulence data is being used w/o ADJ_U* option SigA Data
 MX W403 1 PFLCNV: Turbulence data is being used w/o ADJ_U* option SigA Data
 MX W481 8785 MAIN: Data Remaining After End of Year. Number of Hours= 24

 *** AERMOD Finishes Successfully ***

Attachment B

Air Quality Health Risk Calculations (Worst-Case) Collinville Substation

From CalEE Annual Output	Emission per day (Ton/Total Construction Duration)	0.209				
	Construction Start	5/1/2026				
	Construction Complete	2/11/2028				
	Days	651				
	Construction Emission per day (lb/day)	0.642089094				
	Annual Duration (Days)	365				
	Annualized Emission Rate (Grams/Second)	0.003366509				
	Project Site Size (Acres)	11				
	Project Site Size (meters^2)	44515.42065				
	Length of Smalles Side (meters)	210.9867784				
Used as an input to AERMOD	Emission Rate over Grading Area(g/s-m^2)	7.56E-08				
From AERMOD	Concentration Annual (Ug/M^3)	0.00862				
	Days	Days to years				
Duration	651	1.783561644				
Age (Years)	3rd Trimester (0.25)	0-2	2-9	2-16	16-30	16-70
Cair (annual) - From F15	0.00862	0.00862	0.00862	0.00862	0.00862	0.00862
Breathing Rate per agegroup BR/BW (Page 5-25)	361	1090	861	745	335	290
A (Default is 1)	1	1	1	1	1	1
Exposure Frequency = EF (days/365days)	0.96	0.96	0.96	0.96	0.96	0.96
10^-6 Microgram to Milligram / liters to m3	0.000001	0.000001	0.000001	0.000001	0.000001	0.000001
Dose-inh	0.00000299	0.00000902	0.00000712	0.00000617	0.00000277	0.00000240
Construction Days	651	1.783561644				
potency factor for Diesel	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1
Age Sensitivity Factor	10	10	3	3	1	1
ED	0.25	1.783561644	1.783561644	1.783561644	1.783561644	1.783561644
AT	70	70	70	70	70	70
FAH	0.85	0.85	0.72	0.72	0.73	0.73
Risk for Each Age Group	9.97561E-08	2.14885E-06	4.31338E-07	3.73225E-07	5.6719E-08	4.91001E-08
Risk per million Exposed	0.099756058	2.148852924	0.431338447	0.373225486	0.056719048	0.049100072
Cancer Risk Per Million 9-years	2.68					
Cancer Risk Per Million 30-years	2.68					
Cancer Risk Per Million 70-years	2.67					

Attachment C

1 AERMOD PRIME - (DATED 23132)
AERMODPrMSPx VERSION
(C) COPYRIGHT 1998-2022, Trinity Consultants

Run Began on 10/28/2024 at 11:25:50

** BREEZE AERMOD
** Trinity Consultants
** VERSION 12.0

CO STARTING
CO TITLEONE Collinsville Substation Construction PM2.5 Total
CO MODELOPT DFAULT CONC NODRYDPLT NOWETDPLT
CO RUNORNOT RUN
CO AVERTIME ANNUAL
CO POLLUTID PM25
CO FINISHED

SO STARTING
SO ELEVUNIT METERS
SO LOCATION QXDKY000 AREA 602027.2 4215312.6 0
** SRCDESCR Construction Site
SO SRCPARAM QXDKY000 3.79E-07 3 153.9 221.8 -0.4 1
SO SRCGROUP ALL
SO FINISHED

RE STARTING
RE ELEVUNIT METERS
RE DISCCART 602459.2 4214946.7 0 0
** SENSITIV
** RCPDESCR R1
RE DISCCART 600966.8 4214758. 0 0
** SENSITIV
** RCPDESCR R2
RE DISCCART 600860.9 4215042.4 0 0
** SENSITIV
** RCPDESCR R3
RE FINISHED

ME STARTING
ME SURFFILE "C:\USERS\RYAN\MYDRIV~1.COM\24-99C~1\AERMOD\DOW_2017.SFC"
** SURFFILE "C:\USERS\RYAN\MYDRIV~1.COM\24-99C~1\AERMOD\DOW_2017.SFC"
ME PROFFILE "C:\USERS\RYAN\MYDRIV~1.COM\24-99C~1\AERMOD\DOW_2017.PFL"
** PROFFILE "C:\USERS\RYAN\MYDRIV~1.COM\24-99C~1\AERMOD\DOW_2017.PFL"
ME SURFDATA 23254 2017
ME UAIRDATA 23230 2017
ME SITEDATA 2803 2017
ME PROFBASE 0 METERS
ME FINISHED

OU STARTING
OU FILEFORM FIX
OU PLOTFILE ANNUAL ALL ALL`ANNUAL.plt 10000
OU FINISHED

** *****
** It is recommended that the user not edit any data below this line
** *****

** AMPTYPE
** AMPDATUM -1
** AMPZONE -1
** AMPHEMISPHERE

** PROJECTIONWKT
PROJCS["UTM_6326_Zone11",GEOGCS["WGS_84",DATUM["World_Geodetic_System_1984",SPHEROID["WGS_1984",6378137,298.257223563],TOWGS84[0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0]],PRIMEM["Greenwich",0],UNIT["Degree",0.0174532925199433]],PROJECTION["Universal_Transverse_Mercator"],PARAMETER["Zone",11],UNIT["Meter",1,AUTHORITY["EPSG","9001"]]]
** PROJECTION UTM
** DATUM WGE
** UNITS METER
** ZONE 11
** HEMISPHERE N
** ORIGINLON 0
** ORIGINLAT 0
** PARALLEL1 0
** PARALLEL2 0
** AZIMUTH 0
** SCALEFACT 0
** FALSEEAST 0
** FALSENORTH 0

** POSTFMT UNFORM
** TEMPLATE USERDEFINED
** AERMODEXE AERMOD_BREEZE_23132_64.EXE
** AERMAPEXE AERMAP_EPA_18081_64.EXE

*** Message Summary For AERMOD Model Setup ***

Attachment C

----- Summary of Total Messages -----

A Total of 0 Fatal Error Message(s)
A Total of 1 Warning Message(s)
A Total of 0 Informational Message(s)

***** FATAL ERROR MESSAGES *****
*** NONE ***

***** WARNING MESSAGES *****
MX W403 50 PFLCNV: Turbulence data is being used w/o ADJ_U* option SigA Data

*** SETUP Finishes Successfully ***

▲ *** AERMOD - VERSION 23132 *** ** Collinsville Substation Construction PM2.5 Total *** 10/28/24
*** AERMET - VERSION 18081 *** ** *** 11:25:50
PAGE 1

*** MODELOPTs: RegDEFAULT CONC ELEV NODRYDPLT NOWETDPLT RURAL SigA Data

*** MODEL SETUP OPTIONS SUMMARY ***

** Model Options Selected:

- * Model Uses Regulatory DEFAULT Options
- * Model Is Setup For Calculation of Average CONCentration Values.
- * NO GAS DEPOSITION Data Provided.
- * NO PARTICLE DEPOSITION Data Provided.
- * Model Uses NO DRY DEPLETION. DDPLETE = F
- * Model Uses NO WET DEPLETION. WETDPLT = F
- * Stack-tip Downwash.
- * Model Accounts for ELEVated Terrain Effects.
- * Use Calms Processing Routine.
- * Use Missing Data Processing Routine.
- * No Exponential Decay.
- * Model Uses RURAL Dispersion Only.
- * TEMP_Sub - Meteorological data includes TEMP substitutions
- * Model Assumes No FLAGPOLE Receptor Heights.
- * The User Specified a Pollutant Type of: PM25

**Note that special processing requirements apply for the 24-hour PM2.5 NAAQS - check available guidance.
Model will process user-specified ranks of high 24-hour values averaged across the number of years modeled, and the multi-year average of individual ANNUAL values, averaged across the number of years modeled.

**Model Calculates ANNUAL Averages Only

**This Run Includes: 1 Source(s); 1 Source Group(s); and 3 Receptor(s)

with: 0 POINT(s), including
0 POINTCAP(s) and 0 POINTHOR(s)
and: 0 VOLUME source(s)
and: 1 AREA type source(s)
and: 0 LINE source(s)
and: 0 RLINE/RLINEXT source(s)
and: 0 OPENPIT source(s)
and: 0 BUOYANT LINE source(s) with a total of 0 line(s)
and: 0 SWPOINT source(s)

**Model Set To Continue RUNNING After the Setup Testing.

**The AERMET Input Meteorological Data Version Date: 18081

**Output Options Selected:

Model Outputs Tables of ANNUAL Averages by Receptor
Model Outputs External File(s) of High Values for Plotting (PLOTFILE Keyword)

**NOTE: The Following Flags May Appear Following CONC Values: c for Calm Hours
m for Missing Hours
b for Both Calm and Missing Hours

**Misc. Inputs: Base Elev. for Pot. Temp. Profile (m MSL) = 0.00 ; Decay Coef. = 0.000 ; Rot. Angle = 0.0
Emission Units = GRAMS/SEC ; Emission Rate Unit Factor = 0.10000E+07
Output Units = MICROGRAMS/M**3

**Approximate Storage Requirements of Model = 3.5 MB of RAM.

**Input Runstream File: aermod.inp

**Output Print File: aermod.out

▲ *** AERMOD - VERSION 23132 *** ** Collinsville Substation Construction PM2.5 Total *** 10/28/24
*** AERMET - VERSION 18081 *** ** *** 11:25:50
PAGE 2

*** MODELOPTs: RegDEFAULT CONC ELEV NODRYDPLT NOWETDPLT RURAL SigA Data

*** AREA SOURCE DATA ***

Attachment C

17 01 01 01 2.1 0 -999. -99.00 279.0 999.0 -99.00 -99.00
 17 01 01 01 10.0 1 68. 2.00 -999.0 23.9 -99.00 0.77

F indicates top of profile (=1) or below (=0)

▲ *** AERMOD - VERSION 23132 *** ** Collinsville Substation Construction PM2.5 Total *** 10/28/24
 *** AERMET - VERSION 18081 *** ** *** 11:25:50
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*** MODELOPTS: RegDFault CONC ELEV NODRYDPLT NOWETDPLT RURAL SigA Data

*** THE ANNUAL AVERAGE CONCENTRATION VALUES AVERAGED OVER 1 YEARS FOR SOURCE GROUP: ALL ***
 INCLUDING SOURCE(S): QXDKY000 ,

*** SENSITIVE DISCRETE RECEPTOR POINTS ***

** CONC OF PM25 IN MICROGRAMS/M**3 **

X-COORD (M)	Y-COORD (M)	CONC	X-COORD (M)	Y-COORD (M)	CONC
602459.20	4214946.70	0.04368	600966.80	4214758.00	0.04195
600860.90	4215042.40	0.04992			

▲ *** AERMOD - VERSION 23132 *** ** Collinsville Substation Construction PM2.5 Total *** 10/28/24
 *** AERMET - VERSION 18081 *** ** *** 11:25:50
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*** MODELOPTS: RegDFault CONC ELEV NODRYDPLT NOWETDPLT RURAL SigA Data

*** THE SUMMARY OF MAXIMUM ANNUAL RESULTS AVERAGED OVER 1 YEARS ***

** CONC OF PM25 IN MICROGRAMS/M**3 **

GROUP ID	AVERAGE CONC	RECEPTOR (XR, YR, ZELEV, ZHILL, ZFLAG)	OF TYPE	NETWORK GRID-ID
ALL	1ST HIGHEST VALUE IS 0.04992 AT (600860.90, 4215042.40, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00)		SR	
	2ND HIGHEST VALUE IS 0.04368 AT (602459.20, 4214946.70, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00)		SR	
	3RD HIGHEST VALUE IS 0.04195 AT (600966.80, 4214758.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00)		SR	
	4TH HIGHEST VALUE IS 0.00000 AT (0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00)			
	5TH HIGHEST VALUE IS 0.00000 AT (0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00)			
	6TH HIGHEST VALUE IS 0.00000 AT (0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00)			
	7TH HIGHEST VALUE IS 0.00000 AT (0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00)			
	8TH HIGHEST VALUE IS 0.00000 AT (0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00)			
	9TH HIGHEST VALUE IS 0.00000 AT (0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00)			
	10TH HIGHEST VALUE IS 0.00000 AT (0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00)			

*** RECEPTOR TYPES: GC = GRIDCART
 GP = GRIDPOLR
 DC = DISCCART
 DP = DISCPOLR

▲ *** AERMOD - VERSION 23132 *** ** Collinsville Substation Construction PM2.5 Total *** 10/28/24
 *** AERMET - VERSION 18081 *** ** *** 11:25:50
 PAGE 8

*** MODELOPTS: RegDFault CONC ELEV NODRYDPLT NOWETDPLT RURAL SigA Data

*** Message Summary : AERMOD Model Execution ***

----- Summary of Total Messages -----

A Total of 0 Fatal Error Message(s)
 A Total of 3 Warning Message(s)
 A Total of 221 Informational Message(s)
 A Total of 8784 Hours Were Processed
 A Total of 43 Calm Hours Identified
 A Total of 178 Missing Hours Identified (2.03 Percent)

***** FATAL ERROR MESSAGES *****
 *** NONE ***

***** WARNING MESSAGES *****
 MX W403 50 PFLCNV: Turbulence data is being used w/o ADJ_U* option SigA Data
 MX W403 1 PFLCNV: Turbulence data is being used w/o ADJ_U* option SigA Data
 MX W481 8785 MAIN: Data Remaining After End of Year. Number of Hours= 24

 *** AERMOD Finishes Successfully ***
